What is in this leaflet

This leaflet answers some common questions about PACIFEN.

It does not contain all the available information. It does not take the place of talking to your doctor or pharmacist.

All medicines have risks and benefits. Your doctor has weighed the risks of you taking PACIFEN against the benefits they expect it will have for you.

If you have any concerns about taking this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Keep this leaflet with the medicine. You may need to read it again.

What PACIFEN is used for

PACIFEN contains the active ingredient baclofen. It belongs to a group of medicines called muscle relaxants.

PACIFEN is used to reduce excess tension in your muscles which causes spasms. These spasms happen in various illnesses such as multiple sclerosis and diseases or injuries of the spinal cord.

Because this medicine reduces spasms and the pain that goes with them, it helps to make you more mobile. This can help you to manage your daily activities more easily.

Ask your doctor if you have any questions about why this medicine has been prescribed for you.
Your doctor may have prescribed it for another reason.

This medicine is available only with a doctor's prescription.

Before you take PACIFEN

When you must not take it

Do not take PACIFEN if you have an allergy to:

- any medicine containing baclofen
- any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet.

Some of the symptoms of an allergic reaction may include:

- shortness of breath; wheezing or difficulty breathing; swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body; rash, itching or hives on the skin.

Do not take PACIFEN if you have peptic ulceration, a condition where there are painful sores or ulcers in the lining of the stomach and/or small intestines.

Do not give PACIFEN to children weighing less than 33 kg.
PACIFEN should be used with extreme caution in children under 16 years old but weighing more than 33 kg.

Do not take this medicine after the expiry date printed on the pack or if the packaging is torn or shows signs of tampering.
If it has expired or is damaged, return it to your pharmacist for disposal.

If you are not sure whether you should start taking this medicine, talk to your doctor.

Before you start to take it

Tell your doctor if you have allergies to any other medicines, foods, preservatives or dyes.

Tell your doctor if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or are breast-feeding. Your doctor can discuss with you the risks and benefits involved.

Tell your doctor if you have or have had any of the following medical conditions:

- a mental illness
- epilepsy or any other condition that causes convulsions, fits or seizures
- stomach or duodenal ulcers
- stroke or other brain blood vessel disease
- kidney disease
- liver disease
- lung problems which make breathing difficult
- diabetes
- alcoholism
- high blood pressure
- Parkinson's disease
- muscle spasms due to stroke or other brain disease
- if you have porphyria, an uncommon genetic condition.

Your doctor may want to take special precautions if you have any of the above conditions.

If you have not told your doctor about any of the above, tell him/her before you start taking PACIFEN.

Taking other medicines

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medicines, including any that you get without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.
Some medicines and PACIFEN may interfere with each other. These include:
medicines that can cause sedation (make you sleepy) such as some pain relievers; medicines for anxiety, travel sickness, hayfever or allergy, cough and cold, blocked nose; muscle relaxants; sleeping tablets or sedatives

- medicines used to treat depression, including tricyclic antidepressants and monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs)
- lithium, a medicine used to treat mood swings and some types of depression
- insulin and medicines used to treat diabetes
- medicines for high blood pressure
- levodopa alone or with carbidopa combination medicines used to treat Parkinson's disease.

These medicines may be affected by PACIFEN or may affect how well it works. You may need different amounts of your medicines, or you may need to take different medicines.

If you are not sure whether you are taking any of these medicines, check with your doctor or pharmacist.

Your doctor and pharmacist have more information on medicines to be careful with or avoid while taking this medicine.

How to take PACIFEN

Follow all directions given to you by your doctor or pharmacist carefully. They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet.

If you do not understand the instructions on the bottle, ask your doctor or pharmacist for help.

How much to take

Treatment is usually started with small doses of PACIFEN.

The dose is then gradually increased to an amount that works best for you.

For example, PACIFEN may be started at a dose of 15 mg a day, then increased slowly to anywhere from 30 to 80 mg a day. Sometimes, doses up to 120 mg a day may be needed.

If you are under the age of 16 or over 65 or you have kidney disease, your doctor may start you on a lower dose and increase it more gradually to prevent unwanted side effects.

How to take it

Swallow the tablets during meals with a glass of water or other liquid.

PACIFEN is usually taken in 3 - 4 divided doses throughout the day. But your doctor may tell you to take it more or less often, depending on your situation.

When to take it

Take your medicine at about the same time(s) each day. Taking it at the same time(s) each day will have the best effect. It will also help you remember when to take it.

How long to take it

Continue taking your medicine for as long as your doctor tells you. This medicine helps to control your condition, but does not cure it. It is important to keep taking your medicine even if you feel well.

If you forget to take it

If it is almost time for your next dose, skip the dose you missed and take your next dose when you are meant to.

Otherwise, take it as soon as you remember, and then go back to taking your medicine as you would normally.

Do not take a double dose to make up for the dose that you missed. This may increase the chance of you getting an unwanted side effect.

If you are not sure what to do, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

If you have trouble remembering to take your medicine, ask your pharmacist for some hints.

If you take too much (overdose)

Immediately telephone your doctor or the National Poisons Information Centre (0800 POISON or 0800 764 766) for advice, or go to Accident and Emergency at the nearest hospital, if you think that you or anyone else may have taken too much PACIFEN. Do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning. You may need urgent medical attention.

Symptoms of an overdose may include drowsiness, decreased ability to inhale/exhale, and reduced levels or loss of consciousness.

While you are taking PACIFEN

Things you must do

If you are about to be started on any new medicine, remind your doctor and pharmacist that you are taking PACIFEN.

Tell any other doctors, dentists, and pharmacists who treat you that you are taking this medicine.

If you become pregnant while taking this medicine, tell your doctor immediately.

If you are about to have any blood tests, tell your doctor that you are taking this medicine. It may interfere with the results of some tests.

Keep all of your doctor's appointments so that your progress can be checked. Your doctor may do some tests from time to time to make sure the condition is improving.
medicine is working and to prevent unwanted side effects.

**If your muscle spasms come back, tell your doctor.**

Your doctor may be able to change the dose of PACIFEN so it works better for you.

**Things you must not do**

Do not stop taking PACIFEN suddenly, or change the dose, without checking with your doctor.

Do not let yourself run out of your medicine over weekends or during holidays. Stopping PACIFEN suddenly may cause unwanted effects such as mood changes or mental disturbances, seizures (fits), a fast heart beat and worsening of muscle spasms. If PACIFEN must be stopped, your doctor will reduce the dose gradually over a period of 1 to 2 weeks so that these unwanted effects are avoided.

Do not take PACIFEN to treat any other complaints unless your doctor tells you to.

Do not give your medicine to anyone else, even if they have the same condition as you.

**Things to be careful of**

Be careful driving or operating machinery until you know how PACIFEN affects you.

This medicine may cause dizziness, light-headedness and drowsiness in some people. If you have any of these symptoms, do not drive, operate machinery or do anything else that could be dangerous.

Be careful when drinking alcohol while you are taking this medicine.

If you drink alcohol, drowsiness may be worse. Your doctor may suggest you avoid alcohol while you are taking PACIFEN.

If you feel light-headed, dizzy or faint when getting out of bed or standing up, get up slowly.

Standing up slowly, especially when you get up from bed or chairs, will help your body get used to the change in position and blood pressure. If this problem continues or gets worse, talk to your doctor.

**Side effects**

Tell your doctor or pharmacist as soon as possible if you do not feel well while you are taking PACIFEN.

This medicine helps most people with muscle spasms, but it may have unwanted side effects in a few people. All medicines can have side effects. Sometimes they are serious, most of the time they are not. You may need medical attention if you get some of the side effects.

Side effects from PACIFEN happen mainly at the start of treatment or if the dose is too high or is increased too rapidly. They can often be relieved by lowering the dose.

If you are over 65 years of age you may have an increased chance of getting side effects.

Do not be alarmed by the following lists of side effects. You may not experience any of them.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist to answer any questions you may have.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice any of the following and they worry you:

- sleepiness or drowsiness
- lack of energy, feeling exhausted
- dizziness or light-headedness, spinning sensation (vertigo)
- headache
- difficulty sleeping or nightmares
- nausea (feeling sick), retching or vomiting
- constipation, stomach cramps or diarrhea
- loss of appetite
- dry mouth
- change in sense of taste
- excessive sweating
- impotence or inability to ejaculate.

The above list includes the more common side effects of your medicine. They are usually mild.

**Tell your doctor as soon as possible if you notice any of the following:**

- mental confusion, depression or hallucinations (seeing or hearing things that are not there)
- numbness or tingling in hands and feet
- muscle weakness, spasms or pain
- problems with coordination and balance
- blurred or double vision
- ringing in the ears
- frequent urination or bed wetting
- difficulty or pain when urinating
- blood in the urine
- swelling of ankles due to fluid build-up.
- low body temperature.

The above list includes serious side effects that may require medical attention. Serious side effects are rare.

If any of the following happen, tell your doctor immediately or go to Accident and Emergency at your nearest hospital:

- signs of allergy such as rash, itching or hives on the skin; swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body; shortness of breath or wheezing
- slow or difficult breathing
- slow/fast or irregular heart beat
- chest pain
- uncontrollable muscle spasms affecting the eyes, head, neck or body
- fainting or seizures (fits).

The above list includes very serious side effects. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation. These side effects are rare.

**Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice anything that is making you feel unwell.**

Other side effects not listed above may also occur in some people.

Some side effects (for example, changes in liver function, blood pressure or blood sugar level) can only be found when your doctor
After using PACIFEN

**Storage**

Keep your tablets in the bottle until it is time to take them. If you take the tablets out of the bottle they may not keep well.

Keep your tablets in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25°C.

Do not store PACIFEN or any other medicine in the bathroom or near a sink. Do not leave it on a window sill or in the car. Heat and dampness can destroy some medicines.

Keep it where children cannot reach it.

A locked cupboard at least one-and-a half metres above the ground is a good place to store medicines.

**Disposal**

If your doctor tells you to stop taking this medicine or the expiry date has passed, ask your pharmacist what to do with any medicine that is left over.

**Product description**

**What it looks like**

PACIFEN 10 mg tablets are white, round, flat tablets marked BN | 10 on one side and G on the other. Each tablet has a diameter of 7mm.

**Ingredients**

Each PACIFEN tablet contains 10 mg of baclofen as the active ingredient.

It also contains:

- Microcrystalline Cellulose
- Lactose
- Calcium Hydrogen Phosphate
- Colloidal Silicon Dioxide
- Sodium Starch Glycollate
- Magnesium Stearate

**If you want to know more**

Should you have any questions regarding this product, please contact your pharmacist or doctor.

**Who supplies this medicine**

Distributed in New Zealand by:

Mylan New Zealand Ltd,
PO Box 11183,
Ellerslie,
Auckland.

Telephone: (09) 579 2792

**Date of Information**

20 July 2018
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