1 PRODUCT NAME

NORFLEX 100 mg slow release tablets

2 QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each slow release tablet contains orphenadrine citrate 100 mg.

Excipient with known effect:

Lactose monohydrate

For a full list of excipients see section 6.1.

3 PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Slow release tablet

White, round, biconvex tablets marked **N/X** on one face and no markings on the other face.

4 CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1 Therapeutic indications

For the relief of stiffness and pain resulting from skeletal muscle spasm in sprains and strains, local muscle injury, prolapsed intervertebral disc, lumbago, fibrositis, non-articular rheumatism, acute torticollis, surgery, fractures, anxiety and tension.

Orphenadrine citrate has also been shown to be effective for treatment of tension headache and persistent hiccoughs.

4.2 Dose and method of administration

<u>Adults</u>

Two tablets per day; one in the morning and one in the evening.

<u>Children</u>

Safety and effectiveness in children have not been established. NORFLEX is not recommended for children under 12 years.

Special Populations

Elderly

The elderly may be more susceptible to anticholinergic side effects and should be given a reduced dosage.

4.3 Contraindications

- Hypersensitivity to the active substance or any of the excipients listed in section 6.1.
- Glaucoma
- Paralytic ileus
- Pyloric or duodenal obstruction

- Stenosing peptic ulcers
- Prostatic hypertrophy or obstruction of the prostate or bladder neck
- Oesophageal spasm (megaesophagus)
- Myasthenia gravis.

4.4 Special warnings and precautions for use

Orphenadrine citrate should be used with caution in patients with impaired kidney or liver function, tachycardia, cardiac decompensation, coronary insufficiency or cardiac arrhythmias.

Safety of continuous long-term therapy with orphenadrine has not been established. Therefore, periodic monitoring of blood, urine and liver function values is recommended if orphenadrine is prescribed for prolonged use.

4.5 Interaction with other medicines and other forms of interaction

Interactions have been reported with phenothiazines and other drugs with anti-muscarinic properties.

Avoid concomitant use of alcohol or other CNS depressants.

4.6 Fertility, pregnancy and lactation Pregnancy

Category B2

Safe use of orphenadrine has not been established with respect to adverse effects on foetal development. NORFLEX should therefore be used in women of childbearing potential and particularly during early pregnancy only when in the judgment of the physician the potential benefits outweigh the possible hazards.

Lactation

Orphenadrine is excreted in breast milk and is not recommended for use while breastfeeding.

4.7 Effects on ability to drive and use machines

NORFLEX may impair the ability of the patient to engage in potentially hazardous activities such as operating machinery or driving a motor vehicle. Ambulatory patients should therefore be cautioned accordingly.

4.8 Undesirable effects

Adverse reactions of orphenadrine are mainly due to the mild anticholinergic action of orphenadrine and are usually associated with higher doses. Most adverse effects can usually be eliminated by reducing the dose.

Adverse reactions are listed below according to system organ class and frequency. Frequencies are defined according to the following convention:

Very common ($\geq 1/10$), Common ($\geq 1/100$ to < 1/10), Uncommon ($\geq 1/1,000$ to < 1/100), Rare ($\geq 1/10,000$ to < 1/1,000), Very rare (< 1/10,000), Not known (cannot be estimated from the available data).

Cardiac disorders

Frequency unknown: Tachycardia, palpitation.

Eye disorders

Frequency unknown: Blurred vision, dilation of pupils, increased ocular tension.

Nervous system disorders

Frequency unknown: Headache, dizziness, drowsiness, tremor, transient episodes of lightheadedness, syncope.

Psychiatric disorders

Frequency unknown: Hallucinations, agitation, mental confusion.

Immune system disorders

Frequency unknown: Hypersensitivity reactions.

Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders

Frequency unknown: Pruritus, urticaria and other dermatoses

Renal and urinary disorders

Frequency unknown: Urinary hesitancy or retention.

Gastrointestinal disorders

Frequency unknown: Nausea, vomiting, constipation, gastric irritation, dryness of mouth.

Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders

Frequency unknown: Weakness.

Rare instances of anaphylactic reaction have been reported associated with the intramuscular injection of NORFLEX injection. Very rare cases of aplastic anaemia associated with the use of orphenadrine tablets have been reported. No causal relationship has been established.

Reporting of suspected adverse reactions

Reporting suspected adverse reactions after authorisation of the medicine is important. It allows continued monitoring of the benefit/risk balance of the medicine. Healthcare professionals are asked to report any suspected adverse reactions <u>https://nzphvc.otago.ac.nz/reporting/</u>

4.9 Overdose

Symptoms and signs

Excitement, confusion and delirium leading to coma, convulsions, tachycardia. Dilated pupils, hypersensitivity reactions and urinary retention may occur.

Treatment

Gastric lavage should be carried out immediately regardless of the estimated ingested dose. Convulsions and delirium respond to relatively large doses of diazepam, preferably by mouth. Adequate hydration of the patient is important.

For advice on the management of overdose please contact the National Poisons Centre on 0800 POISON (0800 764766).

5 PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Ethers, chemically close to antihistamines. ATC code: M03BC01.

NORFLEX is an analgesic and a muscle relaxant. Orphenadrine citrate is a centrally acting compound which in animals selectively blocks faciliatory functions of the reticular formation. Orphenadrine does not produce myoneural block, nor does it affect crossed extensor reflexes. Orphenadrine prevents nicotine induced convulsions but not those produced by strychnine.

The mode of action of orphenadrine has not been clearly identified but may be related to its analgesic properties. Orphenadrine citrate also possesses anticholinergic activity.

5.2 Pharmacokinetic properties

Orphenadrine is readily absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract and is almost completely metabolised to at least eight metabolites. Orphenadrine and its metabolites are excreted from the body in the urine, with a half-life of 14 hours.

5.3 Preclinical safety data

No additional data available.

6 PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1 List of excipients Colloidal silicon dioxide Ethycellulose Lactose monohydrate Magnesium stearate.

The tablet formulation is colour-free, preservative-free and does not contain gluten.

6.2 Incompatibilities Not applicable

6.3 Shelf life 36 months

6.4 Special precautions for storage Store below 30°C.

6.5 Nature and contents of container Bottle, HDPE: 100 tablets[#]

Blister pack, PVC/PVDC/Al foil: 100's

[#]Not supplied.

6.6 Special precautions for disposal and other handling Keep out of reach of children

7 MEDICINE SCHEDULE Prescription

8 SPONSOR

iNova Pharmaceuticals (New Zealand) Limited c/- Simpson Grierson 88 Shortland Street, Auckland 1141

Telephone: 0508 375 394

9 DATE OF FIRST APPROVAL

31 December 1969

10 DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT 15 May 2023

SUMMARY TABLE OF CHANGES

Date	Changes
23 April 2018	Data sheet reformatted
	Section 4.3: added hypersensitivity to any of the
	excipients listed in section 6.1
	Section 4.6: added Pregnancy categorisation
	Category B2
	Section 4.8: added standard text on adverse
	reaction frequency conventions
	Section 5: Pharmacotherapeutic group and ATC
	code added.
11 December 2018	Sections 1, 2 and 3: amended the dosage form
	to slow release tablet
2 July 2021	Section 6.5 – addition of blister pack and its
	pack size.
15 May 2023	Section 4.5– deletion of interaction with
	dextropropoxyphene
	Section 6.5 -supply status of bottle presentation
	updated